PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA)

For the

Purchased Care Operations System (PCOS) – TRICARE Encounter Data (TED)

Defense Health Agency (DHA)

SECTION 1: IS A PIA REQUIRED?

a. Will this Department of Defense (DoD) information system or electronic collection of information (referred to as an "electronic collection" for the purpose of this form) collect, maintain, use, and/or disseminate PII about members of the public, Federal personnel, contractors or foreign nationals employed at U.S. military facilities internationally? Choose one option from the choices below. (Choose (3) for foreign nationals).

☐ (1) Yes, from members of the general public.

☐ (2) Yes, from Federal personnel* and/or Federal contractors.

☒ (3) Yes, from both members of the general public and Federal personnel and/or Federal contractors.

☐ (4) No

* "Federal personnel" are referred to in the DoD IT Portfolio Repository (DITPR) as "Federal employees."

b. If "No," ensure that DITPR or the authoritative database that updates DITPR is annotated for the reason(s) why a PIA is not required. If the DoD information system or electronic collection is not in DITPR, ensure that the reason(s) are recorded in appropriate documentation.

c. If "Yes," then a PIA is required. Proceed to Section 2.
SECTION 2: PIA SUMMARY INFORMATION

a. Why is this PIA being created or updated? Choose one:

- [ ] New DoD Information System
- [ ] New Electronic Collection
- [x] Existing DoD Information System
- [ ] Existing Electronic Collection
- [ ] Significantly Modified DoD Information System

b. Is this DoD information system registered in the DITPR or the DoD Secret Internet Protocol Router Network (SIPRNET) IT Registry?

- [x] Yes, DITPR
  Enter DITPR System Identification Number: 140 (EI/DS)
- [ ] Yes, SIPRNET
  Enter SIPRNET Identification Number:
- [ ] No

c. Does this DoD information system have an IT investment Unique Project Identifier (UPI), required by section 53 of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-11?

- [x] Yes
  If “Yes,” enter UPI: UII: 007-000000510 (EI/DS)
- [ ] No
  If unsure, consult the Component IT Budget Point of Contact to obtain the UPI.

d. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection require a Privacy Act System of Records Notice (SORN)?

A Privacy Act SORN is required if the information system or electronic collection contains information about U.S. citizens or lawful permanent U.S. residents that is retrieved by name or other unique identifier. PIA and Privacy Act SORN information should be consistent.

- [x] Yes
  If “Yes,” enter Privacy Act SORN Identifier: EDTMA 04
- [ ] No
  DoD Component-assigned designator, not the Federal Register number.
  Consult the Component Privacy Office for additional information or access DoD Privacy Act SORNs at: http://www.defenselink.mil/privacy/notices/
  or
  Date of submission for approval to Defense Privacy Office
  Consult the Component Privacy Office for this date.
e. Does this DoD information system or electronic collection have an OMB Control Number?
Contact the Component Information Management Control Officer or DoD Clearance Officer for this information.

This number indicates OMB approval to collect data from 10 or more members of the public in a 12-month period regardless of form or format.

☐ Yes

Enter OMB Control Number

Enter Expiration Date

☒ No

f. Authority to collect information. A Federal law, Executive Order of the President (EO), or DoD requirement must authorize the collection and maintenance of a system of records.

(1) If this system has a Privacy Act SORN, the authorities in this PIA and the existing Privacy Act SORN should be the same.

(2) Cite the authority for this DoD information system or electronic collection to collect, use, maintain and/or disseminate PII. (If multiple authorities are cited, provide all that apply.)

   (a) Whenever possible, cite the specific provisions of the statute and/or EO that authorizes the operation of the system and the collection of PII.

   (b) If a specific statute or EO does not exist, determine if an indirect statutory authority can be cited. An indirect authority may be cited if the authority requires the operation or administration of a program, the execution of which will require the collection and maintenance of a system of records.

   (c) DoD Components can use their general statutory grants of authority ("internal housekeeping") as the primary authority. The requirement, directive, or instruction implementing the statute within the DoD Component should be identified.

10 U.S.C. Chapter 55, Medical and Dental Care; 38 U.S.C. Chapter 17, Hospital, Nursing Home, Domiciliary, and Medical Care; 32 CFR Part 199, Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS), Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Privacy and Security Rules; and E.O. 9397 (SSN), as amended.
g. Summary of DoD information system or electronic collection. Answers to these questions should be consistent with security guidelines for release of information to the public.

(1) Describe the purpose of this DoD information system or electronic collection and briefly describe the types of personal information about individuals collected in the system.

| TRICARE Encounter Data (TED) is the core collection point for Military Health System (MHS) purchased care claim related data. Health care providers submit claims to insurance carriers for payments of services rendered to TRICARE beneficiaries. The carriers then electronically transmit their claims payment information to TRICARE using TED. (Note: TED is not allowed to replace data in an individual's record. The system can not make determinations about beneficiaries or employees using this data.) TED receives data resulting from purchased care encounters from military personnel, dependents, and retirees. Personally identifiable information (PII) and protected health information (PHI) collected in this system include: Personal descriptors, ID numbers, health information, and life information. Defense Health Agency (DHA) owns the requirements to the system. MHS operates the system. The sites accessing the system will be located at Managed Care Support Contractors (MCSCs) operations and DHA locations. |

(2) Briefly describe the privacy risks associated with the PII collected and how these risks are addressed to safeguard privacy.

| The privacy risks associated with PII / PHI collected include the mishandling of PII / PHI by authorized users of the system. To mitigate these risks, PII / PHI in TED is protected with appropriate physical, technical, and administrative safeguards to ensure its continuing confidentiality, integrity, and availability in accordance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Privacy and Security Rules. The privacy rights of beneficiaries and employees will be protected by ensuring access is only granted to authorized users who are required to have a sponsor to fulfill the standard Defense Health Services Systems (DHSS) procedures for gaining access to application data and functionality. Proper paperwork (DD Form 2875, System Authorization Access Request) is processed and vetted before access is granted to the system. TED is vetted through the DoD Information Assurance Certification and Accreditation Process (DIACAP) and multiple audits. |

h. With whom will the PII be shared through data exchange, both within your DoD Component and outside your Component (e.g., other DoD Components, Federal Agencies)? Indicate all that apply.

- **Within the DoD Component.**
  - Specify. DHA

- **Other DoD Components.**
  - Specify. Claim information required for fraud and abuse litigation will be shared by the DHA Program Integrity (PI) Office with the Defense Criminal Investigative Services (DCIS) and with the Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) for system administration purposes.
Note: all DISA contractors have secret clearances.

☐ Other Federal Agencies.

Specify.

☐ State and Local Agencies.

Specify.

☒ Contractor (Enter name and describe the language in the contract that safeguards PII.)

Specify. General Dynamics Information Technology (GDIT).

The Contractor shall establish appropriate administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to protect any and all Government data, to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of government data. The contractor shall ensure that data which contains PHI is continuously protected from unauthorized access, use, modification, or disclosure. The contractor shall comply with all previously stated requirements for HIPAA, Personnel Security, Electronic Security, and Physical Security.

(Note: tier 3 contractors are required to undergo the DHSS personnel security process and have annually refreshed DD Form 2875 on file.)

All contracts contain language which require the contractor to comply with the HIPAA Privacy Rule and the HIPAA Security Rule. In addition, the contractor is required to comply with the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended.

☐ Other (e.g., commercial providers, colleges).

Specify.

i. Do individuals have the opportunity to object to the collection of their PII?

☐ Yes  ☒ No

(1) If "Yes," describe method by which individuals can object to the collection of PII.

(2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot object.

TED is not the initial point of collection of PII / PHI from individuals; therefore, individuals do not have the opportunity to object to the collection of their PII / PHI.

The initial point of collection for this system is the Health Care Provider. Health Care Providers submit claims to insurance carriers for payments of services rendered to TRICARE beneficiaries. The carriers then electronically transmit their claims payment information to TRICARE, using TED.
j. Do individuals have the opportunity to consent to the specific uses of their PII?

☐ Yes  ☒ No

(1) If "Yes," describe the method by which individuals can give or withhold their consent.

(2) If "No," state the reason why individuals cannot give or withhold their consent.

TED is not the initial point of collection of PII / PHI from individuals; therefore individuals do not have the opportunity to consent to the specific uses of their PII / PHI.

The initial point of collection for this system is the Health Care Provider. Health Care Providers submit claims to insurance carriers for payments of services rendered to TRICARE beneficiaries. The carriers then electronically transmit their claims payment information to TRICARE, using TED.

k. What information is provided to an individual when asked to provide PII data? Indicate all that apply.

☐ Privacy Act Statement  ☐ Privacy Advisory  ☒ Other  ☒ None

Describe each applicable format.

PCOS TED is a system of records that collects personally identifiable information (PII) through system to system transfers only. Because the system does not collect PII directly from individuals, a Privacy Act Statement is not required.

TED is not the initial point of collection of PII / PHI from individuals; The initial point of collection for this system is the Health Care Provider.
NOTE:

Sections 1 and 2 above are to be posted to the Component's Web site. Posting of these Sections indicates that the PIA has been reviewed to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place to protect privacy.

A Component may restrict the publication of Sections 1 and/or 2 if they contain information that would reveal sensitive information or raise security concerns.