



POST-TEST for DHA UBO Webinar:

SIT/OHI

29 and 31 October 2019

POST-TEST INSTRUCTIONS: View the recorded Webinar located at [UBO Learning Center Archived Webinars](#) and then complete all of the 10 questions below. Submit your answers via e-mail to webmeeting@federaladvisory.com with “Answers, Post Test—**SIT/OHI**” in the subject line (a read receipt for your records is recommended). If at least 70% of the questions are answered correctly, you will receive a Certificate of Approval with Index Number via email. If you receive a score of 69% or lower, you will be notified via email and may review the archived Webinar and resubmit the post-test. Results may take up to five business days. If you have any questions, please submit those as well to webmeeting@federaladvisory.com.

1. Health Insurance Carrier (HIC) IDs are assigned by Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) and composed of (list three):
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
2. *TRUE/FALSE:* The DD Form 2569 is used to collect Other Health Information (OHI) information from all patients on a monthly basis.
3. The DHA Verification Point of Contact (VPOC) will “Reject” a HIC ID or Health Plan addition request if:
 - a. The insurer is considered invalid
 - b. The address is incorrect
 - c. The POC information is not included
 - d. All of the above
4. Which of the following is NOT a valid Insurance Type Code?
 - a. CI = Commercial
 - b. AP = Auto Insurance Policy
 - c. GP = Group Policy
 - d. TP = Team Policy



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5. Name ONE of the two criteria for AACUS eOHI Discovery.

6. *TRUE/FALSE*: The Department of Defense (DoD) is authorized to collect “reasonable charges” less the covered beneficiary’s appropriate deductible or copayment amount.
7. Who is the secondary payer when a beneficiary has OHI?

8. UBO staff members are _____ to use placeholder as a valid SIT/OHI entry.
 - a. allowed
 - b. required
 - c. not encouraged
 - d. None of the above
9. Which statement is true about the Standard Insurance Table (SIT)?
 - a. It is a centralized database of commercial Health Insurance Carriers (HICs) and their claims addresses and the types of coverage (XM, MD, RX, DN, VI, etc.) that each HIC offers.
 - b. The centralization of SIT data allows for insurance company claim addresses to be managed and standardized throughout the MHS.
 - c. It excludes insurance companies billed *only* under Medical Affirmative Claims (MAC) and Medical Services Account (MSA) Program.
 - d. It contains valid HIC name and claims address. OHI policy is “pointed” to the appropriate HIC address.
 - e. All of the above
10. Name at least one valid HIC ID Coverage Type.
