SUICIDAL AND HOMICIDAL IDEATION; SYMPTOM

*Does Not Include Suicide Attempt, Intentional Self-Harm or Suicide; For Suicide, See “Suicide” Case Definition*

**Background**

This case definition was developed by the Armed Forces Health Surveillance Division (AFHSD) for the purpose of epidemiological surveillance of the symptoms of suicidal ideation and homicidal ideation in military-associated populations.

**Clinical Description**

Suicidal ideation, also known as suicidal thoughts, refers to thinking about, considering, or planning suicide. Suicidal behavior can be characterized as a spectrum that ranges from fleeting suicidal thoughts to completed suicide. It is often associated with depression and other mood disorders. Suicidal ideation is more common than suicide attempt or suicide death. During 2008-2009, 3.7% of the adult U.S. population reported having suicidal thoughts within the past year.\(^1\) Among the Armed Forces, the AFHSD Medical Surveillance Monthly Report (MSMR) reported the number of hospitalizations for suicidal ideation steadily increased from 5 in 2006 to 355 in 2010.\(^2\) Most individuals with suicidal ideation do not go on to attempt suicide but the symptom is considered a risk factor.

Homicidal ideation, also known as homicidal thoughts, refers to thinking about, considering, or planning a homicide. Homicidal ideation accounts for an estimated 10-17% of patient presentations to psychiatric facilities in the United States.\(^3\)

**Case Definition and Incidence Rules**

For surveillance purposes, a case of suicidal or homicidal ideation is defined as:

- **One hospitalization** with a case defining diagnosis of suicidal or homicidal ideation (see ICD9 and ICD10 code lists below) in the *first or second* diagnostic position; or

- **Two outpatient medical encounters, within 180 days** of each other, with a case defining diagnosis of suicidal or homicidal ideation (see ICD9 and ICD10 code lists below) in the *first or second* diagnostic position; or

- **One outpatient medical encounter in a psychiatric or mental health care specialty setting**, defined by Medical Expense and Performance Reporting System (MEPRS) code BF, with a case defining diagnosis of suicidal or homicidal ideation (see ICD9 and ICD10 code lists below) in the *first or second* diagnostic position.

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Case Definition and Incidence Rules (continued)

Incidence rules:
For individuals who meet the case definition:

- The incidence date is considered the date of the first hospitalization or outpatient medical encounter that includes a case defining diagnosis of a suicidal or homicidal ideation.
- An individual is considered an incident case once per lifetime.

Exclusions:
- None

Codes

The following ICD9 and ICD10 codes are included in the case definition:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>ICD-10-CM Codes</th>
<th>ICD-9-CM Codes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Homicidal and suicidal ideation</td>
<td>R45.85 (homicidal and suicidal ideations)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- R45.850 (homicidal ideations)</td>
<td>V62.85 (homicidal ideation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- R45.851 (suicidal ideations)</td>
<td>V62.84 (suicidal ideation)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Development and Revisions

- In February of 2016 the case definition was updated to include ICD10 codes.
- In February of 2016 a stand-alone case definition for suicidal ideation and homicidal ideation was created. The codes for suicidal ideation and homicidal ideation were previously included in the mental health problems case definition because they were coded with V codes in the ICD-9-CM classification system. In ICD10, suicidal and homicidal ideations were reclassified as symptoms in the ICD10 category R45 (symptoms and signs involving emotional state). They are no longer coded with V/Z codes.
- This case definition was developed in November of 2010 by the Armed Forces Health Surveillance Center (AFHSC) MSMR staff for an article on mental disorders and mental health problems among active duty Service members.¹ The case definition was developed based on reviews of the ICD9 codes, the scientific literature, and previous AFHSC analyses.

Case Definition and Incidence Rule Rationale

- For the purposes of counting new incident cases, AFHSD uses a once per lifetime incidence rule unless a specific timeframe is more appropriate and is specified, (e.g., individuals may be counted

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as an incident case once every 365 days). Historically, a once per surveillance period incidence rule was used due to limited data in the Defense Medical Surveillance System (DMSS), but that is no longer necessary.

Reports

The AFHSD reports on suicidal and homicidal ideation in the following reports:

- Periodic MSMR articles.
- Annually: MSMR article on the “Absolute and relative morbidity burdens attributable to various illnesses and injuries. U.S. Armed Forces” (see Comments section below).

Review

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Case definition reviewed by the AFHSD Surveillance Methods and Standards (SMS) working group.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>May 2022</td>
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<tr>
<td>May 2019</td>
<td>Case definition reviewed and updated by the Armed Forces Health Surveillance Branch (AFHSB) SMS working group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feb 2016</td>
<td>Case definition reviewed and adopted by the AFHSC SMS working group.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nov 2010</td>
<td>Case definition developed by the AFHSC MSMR staff</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments

Burden of Disease Reports:

The AFHSD articles and reports on the “burden” of illness and injury in the U.S. Armed Forces group all illness and injury-specific diagnoses, defined by ICD9 and ICD10 codes, into 142 burden of disease-related conditions and 25 categories based on a modified version of the classification system developed for the Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study.\(^4\) In general, the GBD system groups diagnoses with common pathophysiologic or etiologic bases and/or significant international health policymaking importance.

The AFHSD disaggregates some diagnoses that are grouped into single categories in the GBD system, (e.g., mental disorders), to increase the military relevance of the results. The category of mental health disorders is separated into the following sub-categories of “disorders”: anxiety, substance abuse, adjustment, mood, tobacco dependence, psychotic, personality, somatoform, and all other mental disorders.\(^5\)

Because reports on disease burden are based on the total numbers of medical encounters for specific conditions, a slightly different case definition is used for burden analyses. The case definition requires capturing only the diagnosis in the primary (first) diagnostic position of each record of an inpatient or outpatient medical encounter. Each individual is allowed only one medical encounter per condition per day, and inpatient encounters are prioritized over outpatient encounters on the same day. Case defining codes are any ICD9 codes between 001 and 999, any ICD10 codes between A00 and T88, ICD10 codes beginning with Z37 (outcome of delivery), and DoD unique personal history codes DoD 0101-0105.


\(^5\) Armed Forces Health Surveillance Division. Absolute and relative morbidity burdens attributable to various illnesses and injuries, active component. MSMR 2021; 28(5): 2-9.
Comprehensive AFHSD Mental Health Reports:

For analyses and reports requiring data on all mental disorders, AFHSD includes all mental health diagnoses that fall within the range of ICD9 codes 290-319 / ICD10 codes F01-F99 (mental disorders) in the first or second diagnostic position. The following diagnoses are excluded from the analysis.

- ICD9 310.2 / ICD10 F07.81 (post-concussion syndrome)
- ICD9 305.1 / ICD10 F17* (tobacco use disorder / nicotine dependence) is not included as tobacco-cessation efforts are widespread within primary care clinics in the military and this diagnosis is not treated as a mental health disorder.
- ICD9 317*-319* / ICD10 F70-F79 (mental retardation)
- ICD9 315* / ICD10 F80*-F82*, F88-F89 (specific delays in development)
- ICD9 299*/ ICD10 F84* (pervasive developmental disorders)

Alternative Case Definition and Methodology

The Navy Satellite Cell of the Armed Forces Health Surveillance Division (AFHSD) has developed a case definition and methodology for epidemiological surveillance of “Suicidal Behavior” among USMC Service Members. The methodology uses one hospitalization or one outpatient medical encounter with a case defining diagnosis in any diagnostic position, and, in additional to suicidal ideation, the code set also includes codes for suicide attempt and intentional self-harm.