In NORTHCOM during week 041,2

- Some of the states that were previously experiencing high flu activity are beginning to see a decline, while other states continue to see elevated activity.
- A/H3N2 remains the predominant virus.
- ILI and P&I activity in service members decreased but remained above baseline.
- The cumulative percentages of positive lab tests remained stable from week 3 to week 4. The rates were 16.8% for service members and 17.6% for dependents.
- As of 29 January, immunization coverage among DoD service members reached 94%.

NHRC laboratory-confirmed influenza cases, US Military Basic Trainees:

- Ft Benning
- Ft Jackson
- Ft Leonard Wood
- NRTC Great Lakes
- Lackland AFB
- MCRD Parris Island
- MCRD San Diego
- CGTC Cape May

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1AFHSC, 2USAFSAM, 3NHRC, 4LRMC, 5PHCR-E, 6AFRIMS, 7NMRC-A, 8USAMRU-K, 9NAMRU-3, 10NAMRU-6

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European Command -- Week 04

In EUCOM during week 041,4,5

- High influenza activity was seen in Italy and Germany.
- The predominant virus circulating is A/H3N2.
- ILI and P&I activity remained stable and was above baseline.
- The cumulative percentage of positive lab tests for service members and dependents was 17.7% and 16.5%, respectively.

2014-2015 EUCOM Season Totals1,4,5

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A/H1N1</th>
<th>A/H3N2</th>
<th>A/Untyped</th>
<th>Influenza B</th>
<th>AB</th>
<th>% Positive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Members</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>17.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dependents</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>345</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1AFHSC, 2USAFSAM, 3NHRC, 4LRMC, 5PHCR-E, 6AFRIMS, 7NMRC-A, 8USAMRU-K, 9NAMRU-3, 10NAMRU-6

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In PACOM during week 04\(^{1,6,7}\)
- Influenza activity was high in Hawaii and moderate in Japan and South Korea.
- ILI and P&I decreased but was still above baseline.
- The cumulative percent of positive lab tests for service members and dependents was 20.8% and 24.9%, respectively.

### PACOM: GUAM and HI Influenza activity and HL7 Test Positive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area Name</th>
<th>Influenza Activity</th>
<th>HL7 Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A(H1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GUAM</td>
<td>1:Minimal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HI</td>
<td>4:High</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2014-2015 PACOM Season Totals\(^{1,6,7}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A/H1N1</th>
<th>A/H3N2</th>
<th>A/Untyped</th>
<th>Flu B</th>
<th>% Positive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Members</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>202</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>20.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dependents</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>530</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>24.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{1}\)AFHSC, \(^{2}\)USAFSAM, \(^{3}\)NHRC, \(^{4}\)LRMC, \(^{5}\)PHCR-E, \(^{6}\)AFRIMS, \(^{7}\)NMRC-A, \(^{8}\)USAMRU-K, \(^{9}\)NAMRU-3, \(^{10}\)NAMRU-6

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Central and Africa Commands -- Week 04

In CENTCOM and AFRICOM during week 04\textsuperscript{1,8,9}

- There was moderate influenza activity in Afghanistan.
- ILI and P&I activity decreased but was still above baseline.

Southern Command -- Week 04
(Local Nationals Only)

In SOUTHCOM during week 04\textsuperscript{10}

- Influenza activity was low.

| 2014-2015 SOUTHCOM Season Totals Among Local Nationals\textsuperscript{10} |
|---------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
|                                 | A/H1N1    | A/H3N2   | A/Untyped |
| Colombia                        | 0         | 10       | 0         |
| Peru                            | 13        | 139      | 2         |

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Maps, figures and tables are stratified by Combatant Commands (CCMD). The map provides a measure of influenza activity by state or country within each CCMD for the past two weeks for service members. Influenza activity is defined by the percentage of outpatient visits associated with influenza (defined as having an Influenza-like Illness (ILI) or Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) diagnosis) for each week compared to baseline levels of influenza activity. Additionally, a pie graph by US region or country is generated to display the distribution of influenza types and subtype identified from positive laboratory tests for the past two weeks combined.

**Influenza activity: Percentage of Outpatient Visits Associated with Influenza:**
The percentage of all outpatient visits for influenza (defined as having an ILI or P&I diagnosis) is calculated each week for (1) all service members, regardless of component and (2) all other DoD beneficiaries. This data is presented as a map of the past two weeks’ activity and a figure to display the entire season’s data compared to the two prior seasons and baseline. For the map, the activity level compares the mean reported percent of visits due to influenza for the past two weeks to the mean reported percent of visits due to influenza during baseline weeks. Baseline weeks are defined as non-influenza weeks (weeks 22-39) over the past 3 years.

There are four activity levels reported on each map. The activity level corresponds to the number of standard deviations (SD) below, at or above the mean for the current week compared to the mean of the baseline weeks. Activity levels are classified as minimal, low, moderate, and high. Minimal activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is less than 2 SD above the mean. Low activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 2 SD above the mean, but less than 4 SD above the mean. Moderate activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 4 SD above the mean, but less than 6 SD above the mean. High activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 6 SD above the mean.

**Influenza Positive Tests:**
Only lab results from PCR or viral culture assays are reported. Influenza types/subtypes are categorized as influenza A not subtyped (A subtype na), influenza A/H1 (A H1), influenza A/H3 (A H3), influenza A and B co-infection (A B), and influenza B (B).

Map: Each US region or country with available data contains a pie chart that displays the distribution of influenza types and subtypes for that area for the past two weeks combined. Two weeks of data are combined instead of using just the current week’s data due to delays in reporting of laboratory results.

Figure and Table: Each week, using the total number of influenza laboratory tests performed and the positive test results, the proportions positive for each serotype of influenza are calculated for service members and dependents separately.

**Data Sources and Case Definitions:**
Medical encounter and demographic data from the Armed Forces Health Surveillance Center’s (AFHSC) Defense Medical Surveillance System (DMSS) are used to generate this report. In addition, health-level 7 (HL-7) laboratory data is provided by the Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center (NMCPHC) EpiData Center Division. ICD-9 codes from outpatient encounters are used to identify influenza activity. The outcome of influenza is defined using the combined codes for ILI (79.99, 382.9, 460, 461.9, 465.8, 465.9, 466.0, 486, 487.0, 487.1, 487.8, 488, 490, 780.6, or 786.2) and P&I (480-488). An individual can only be counted as a case once per week.

**NORTHCOM Regions:**

(All data are preliminary and subject to change as updated data is received)

1AFHSC, 2USAFSAM, 3NHRC, 4LRMC, 5PHCR-E, 6AFRIMS, 7NMRC-A, 8USAMRU-K, 9NAMRU-3, 10NAMRU-6

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