In NORTHCOR during week 03\(^1\,2\):

- Influenza activity was minimal to moderate for most states.
- The percentage of outpatient visits due to ILI increased, but remained similar to previous seasons.
- A/H1N1 and B viruses have predominated in the past two weeks.
- The percentage of positive lab tests for week 03 was 4.4% for service members and 7.1% for beneficiaries.
- One influenza hospitalizations (RME) among a dependent was reported for week 02.

NHRC laboratory-confirmed influenza cases, US Military Basic Trainees: As of Week 02

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A/H1N1</th>
<th>A/H3N2</th>
<th>A/Unsubtyped</th>
<th>Flu B</th>
<th>AB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Members</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dependents</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>183</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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In EUCOM during week 03\textsuperscript{4,5}

- Influenza activity was minimal with the exception of Italy which had low activity.
- The percentage of outpatient visits due to ILI increased slightly, but remained similar to the 2013-14 season.
- Three service members had A/H1N1 influenza positive lab tests during week 03.
- The percentage of positive lab tests for week 03 was 17.7% for service members and 0% for beneficiaries.

### 2015-2016 EUCOM Season Totals\textsuperscript{4,5}

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A/H1N1</th>
<th>A/H3N2</th>
<th>A/Untyped</th>
<th>Influenza B</th>
<th>AB</th>
<th>Overall % Positive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Members</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dependents</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2.11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{1}AFHSB, \textsuperscript{2}USAFSAM, \textsuperscript{3}NHRC, \textsuperscript{4}LRMC, \textsuperscript{5}PHCR-E, \textsuperscript{6}AFRIMS, \textsuperscript{7}NMRC-A, \textsuperscript{8}USAMRU-K, \textsuperscript{9}NAMRU-3, \textsuperscript{10}NAMRU-6
Pacific Command -- Week 03

In PACOM during week 03\(^3,6,7\):

- Influenza activity was minimal with the exception of Japan, which had low activity.
- The percentage of outpatient visits due to ILI increased slightly, but remained similar to the 2013-14 season.
- The percentage of positive lab tests for week 03 was 4.4% for service members and 22.7% for beneficiaries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area Name</th>
<th>Influenza Activity</th>
<th>A(H1)</th>
<th>A(H3)</th>
<th>A Untyped</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>AB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Minimal</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii(^*)</td>
<td>Minimal</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^*\)Hawaii HL7 Type counts may include samples received from Guam, but tested in Hawaii

2015-2016 PACOM Season Totals\(^6,7\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>A/H1N1</th>
<th>A/H3N2</th>
<th>A Untyped</th>
<th>Flu B</th>
<th>Flu AB</th>
<th>Overall % Positive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Members</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dependents</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8.82</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\)AFHSB, \(^2\)USAFSAM, \(^3\)NHRC, \(^4\)LRMC, \(^5\)PHCR-E, \(^6\)AFRIMS, \(^7\)NMRC-A, \(^8\)USAMRU-K, \(^9\)NAMRU-3, \(^10\)NAMRU-6

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In CENTCOM and AFRICOM during week 03\textsuperscript{1,8,9}:

- Influenza activity was minimal to low in CENTCOM and AFRICOM.
- The percentage of outpatient visits due to ILI continued to increase and remained similar to the 2013-14 season.

In SOUTHCOM during week 03\textsuperscript{10}:

- Influenza activity in Honduras was minimal based on DMSS data.

\textsuperscript{1}AFHSB, \textsuperscript{2}USAFSAM, \textsuperscript{3}NHRC, \textsuperscript{4}LRMC, \textsuperscript{5}PHCR-E, \textsuperscript{6}AFRIMS, \textsuperscript{7}NMRC-A, \textsuperscript{8}USAMRU-K, \textsuperscript{9}NAMRU-3, \textsuperscript{10}NAMRU-6

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Description:
Maps, figures and tables are stratified by Combatant Commands (CCMD). The map provides a measure of influenza activity by state or country within each CCMD for the past two weeks for service members. Influenza activity is defined by the percentage of outpatient visits associated with an Influenza-like Illness (ILI) for each week compared to baseline levels of influenza activity. Additionally, a pie graph by US region or country is generated to display the distribution of influenza types and subtype identified from positive laboratory tests for the past two weeks combined.

Influenza activity: Percentage of Outpatient Visits Associated with ILI:
The percentage of all outpatient visits for ILI is calculated each week for all service members, regardless of component. These data are presented as a map of the past two weeks’ activity and a figure to display the entire season’s data compared to the two prior seasons and baseline. For the map, the activity level compares the mean reported percent of visits due to ILI for the past two weeks to the mean reported percent of visits due to ILI during baseline weeks. Baseline weeks are defined as non-influenza weeks (weeks 22-39) over the past 3 years.

There are four activity levels reported on each map. The activity level corresponds to the number of standard deviations (SD) below, at or above the mean for the current week compared to the mean of the baseline weeks. Activity levels are classified as minimal, low, moderate, and high. Minimal activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is less than 2 SD above the mean. Low activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 2 SD above the mean, but less than 4 SD above the mean. Moderate activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 4 SD above the mean, but less than 6 SD above the mean. High activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 6 SD above the mean.

Influenza Positive Specimens:
Lab results from PCR, viral culture, and rapid influenza assays are reported. Although the inclusion of rapid tests may underestimate the weekly and cumulative percent positive estimates due to false negatives, visibility of the positive rapid results provides valuable information for this surveillance report. Influenza types/subtypes are categorized as influenza A not subtyped (A subtype na), influenza A/H1 (A H1), influenza A/H3 (A H3), influenza A and B co-infection (A B), and influenza B (B).

Map: Each US region or country with available data contains a pie chart that displays the distribution of influenza types and subtypes for that area for the past two weeks combined. Two weeks of data are combined instead of using just the current week’s data due to delays in reporting of laboratory results.

Figure and Table: Each week, using the total number of influenza laboratory tests performed and the positive test results, the proportions positive for each serotype of influenza are calculated for service members and dependents separately.

Data Sources and Case Definitions:
Medical encounter and demographic data from the Armed Forces Health Surveillance Branch’s (AFHSB) Defense Medical Surveillance System (DMSS) are used to generate this report. In addition, health-level 7 (HL-7) format laboratory data is provided by the Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center (NMCPHC) EpiData Center Division. For the past seasons and baseline calculations, ICD-9 codes from outpatient encounters are used to identify influenza activity. The outcome of influenza activity based on ICD-9 codes is defined using the combined codes for ILI (79.99, 382.9, 460, 461.9, 465.8, 465.9, 466.0, 486, 487.0, 487.1, 487.8, 488, 490, 780.6, or 786.2). For the current season, ICD-10 codes from outpatient encounters are used to identify influenza activity. The outcome of influenza activity based on ICD-10 codes is defined using the combined codes for ILI (B97.89, H66.9, H66.90, H66.91, H66.92, H66.93, J00, J01.9, J01.90, J06.9, J09, J09.X, J09.X1, J09.X2, J09.X3, J09.X9, J10, J10.0, J10.00, J10.01, J10.08, J10.1, J10.2, J10.8, J10.81, J10.82, J10.83, J10.89, J11, J11.0, J11.00, J11.08, J11.1, J11.12, J11.18, J11.81, J11.82, J11.83, J11.89, J12.89, J12.9, J18, J18.1, J18.8, J18.9, J20.9, J40, R05, R50.9). An individual can only be counted as a case once per week.

NORTHCOM Regions:

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