

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (AFHSB) Seasonal Influenza Surveillance Summary



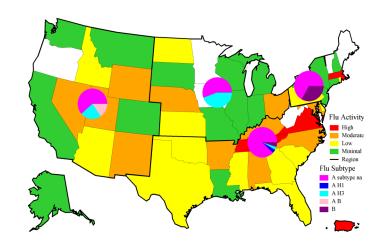
Northern Command -- Week 48 (26 Nov 2017-02 Dec 2017)

In NORTHCOM during week 48

- Influenza activity continued to increase during week 48 and ranged from minimal to high, depending on the state.
- The percentage of outpatient visits due to ILI continued to increase and was higher than previous seasons.
- The percentage of positive lab tests continued to increase to 15.1% for service members and 10.4% for other beneficiaries for week 48.
- Among influenza A specimens that were subtyped, the majority continued to be A/H3N2.
- Influenza hospitalizations (RMEs) were reported among 1 service members and 1 other beneficiaries for week 48.

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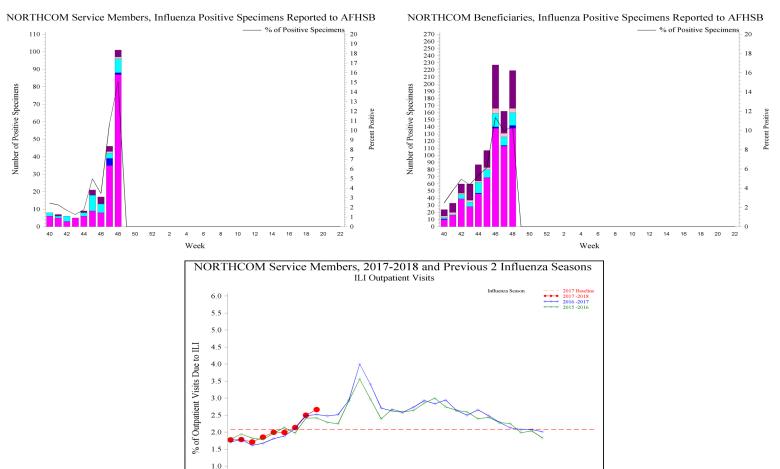
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2017 – 2018 NORTHCOM Season Totals										
	A/H1N1	A/H3N2	A/Untyped	Flu B	AB	Overall % Positive				
Service Members	5	33	164	16	2	5.64				
Dependents	9	90	597	250	33	7.22				



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Week

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1





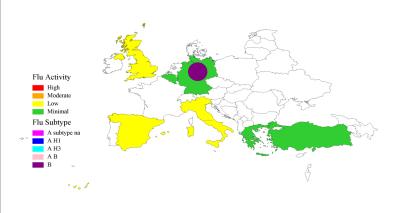
European Command -- Week 48

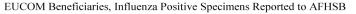
In EUCOM during week 48

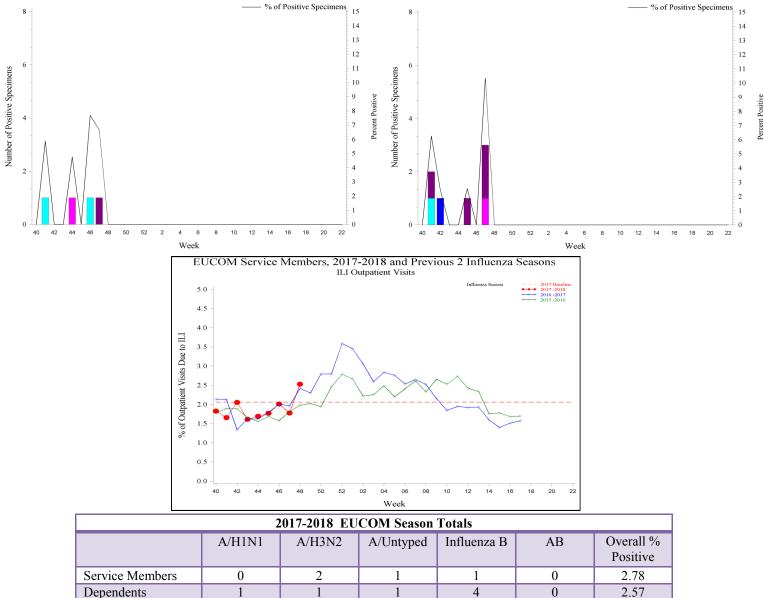
- Influenza activity increased and was minimal to low in EU-COM.
- The percentage of outpatient visits due to ILI increased and jumped above baseline and previous seasons.
- There were no positive lab tests reported for week 48 in EU-COM.
- No influenza hospitalizations (RMEs) have been reported this season for EUCOM.

EUCOM Service Members, Influenza Positive Specimens Reported to AFHSB

EUCOM Service Members, Influenza Activity and Virus Subtype, During the Last 2 Weeks







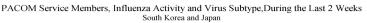




Pacific Command -- Week 48

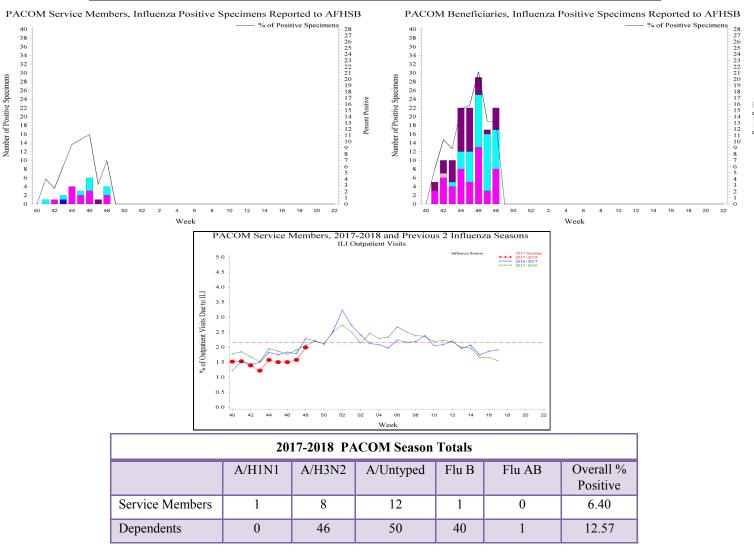
In PACOM during week 48

- Influenza activity remained minimal across PACOM, except for Hawaii, which had low activity.
- The percentage of outpatient visits due to ILI increased, but remained below baseline and similar to previous seasons.
- The percentage of positive lab tests increased for week 48 to 6.9% for service members and 13.3% for other beneficiaries.
- Among influenza A specimens that were subtyped, the majority continued to be A/H3N2.
- No influenza hospitalization (RMEs) were report in PACOM during week 48.





PACOM: Guam and Hawaii Influenza Activity and HL7 Test Positive (MAP: SM+BN, 2 wks)									
Area Name	Influenza Activity	HL7 Type							
		A(H1)	A(H3)	A Untyped	В	AB			
Guam	Minimal	0	0	0	0	0			
Hawaii*	Low	0	24	7	5	0			
*Hawaii HL7 Type counts may include samples received from Guam, but tested in Hawaii									



For inquiries or comments please contact <u>dha.ncr.health-surv.mbx.afhs-commcenter@mail.mil</u>





Central Command -- Week 48

In CENTCOM during week 48

• Complete TMDS data for week 48 is currently not available. Therefore, the CENTCOM map and figure are not presented as the data will be inaccurate.

Southern Command -- Week 48

In SOUTHCOM during week 48

• Complete TMDS data for week 48 is currently not available. Therefore, SOUTHCOM data is incomplete and will not be provided.

Description:

Maps, figures and tables are stratified by Combatant Commands (CCMD). The map provides a measure of influenza activity by state or country within each CCMD for the past two weeks for service members. Influenza activity is defined by the percentage of outpatient visits associated with an Influenza-like Illness (ILI) for each week compared to baseline levels of influenza activity. Additionally, a pie graph by US region or country is generated to display the distribution of influenza types and subtype identified from positive laboratory tests for the past two weeks combined.

Influenza activity: Percentage of Outpatient Visits Associated with ILI:

The percentage of all outpatient visits for ILI is calculated each week for all service members, regardless of component. These data are presented as a map of the past two weeks' activity and a figure to display the entire season's data compared to the two prior seasons and baseline. For the map, the activity level compares the mean reported percent of visits due to ILI for the past two weeks to the mean reported percent of visits due to ILI during baseline weeks. Baseline weeks are defined as non-influenza weeks (weeks 22-39) over the past 3 years.

There are four activity levels reported on each map. The activity level corresponds to the number of standard deviations (SD) below, at or above the mean for the current week compared to the mean of the baseline weeks. Activity levels are classified as minimal, low, moderate, and high. Minimal activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is less than 2 SD above the mean. Low activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 2 SD above the mean, but less than 4 SD above the mean. Moderate activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 4 SD above the mean, but less than 6 SD above the mean. High activity corresponds to an influenza percentage that is equal to or greater than 6 SD above the mean.

Influenza Positive Specimens:

Lab results from PCR, viral culture, and rapid influenza assays are reported. Although the inclusion of rapid tests may underestimate the weekly and cumulative percent positive estimates due to false negatives, visibility of the positive rapid results provides valuable information for this surveillance report. Influenza types/subtypes are categorized as influenza A not subtyped (A subtype na), influenza A/H1 (A H1), influenza A/H3 (A H3), influenza A and B co-infection (A B), and influenza B (B).

Map: Each US region or country with available data contains a pie chart that displays the distribution of influenza types and subtypes for that area for the past two weeks combined. Two weeks of data are combined instead of using just the current week's data due to delays in reporting of laboratory results.

Figure and Table: Each week, using the total number of influenza laboratory tests performed and the positive test results, the proportions positive for each serotype of influenza are calculated for service members and dependents separately.

Data Sources and Case Definitions:

Medical encounter and demographic data from the Armed Forces Health Surveillance Branch's (AFHSB) Defense Medical Surveillance System (DMSS) are used to generate this report. In addition, health-level 7 (HL-7) format laboratory data is provided by the Navy and Marine Corps Public Health Center (NMCPHC) EpiData Center Division. For the past seasons and baseline calculations, ICD-9 codes from outpatient encounters are used to identify influenza activity. The outcome of influenza activity based on ICD-9 codes is defined using the combined codes for ILI (79.99, 382.9, 460, 461.9, 465.8, 465.9, 466.0, 486, 487.0, 487.1, 487.8, 488, 490, 780.6, or 786.2). For the current season, ICD-10 codes from outpatient encounters are used to identify influenza activity. The outcome of influenza activity based on ICD-10 codes is defined using the combined codes for ILI (B97.89, H66.9, H66.90, H66.91, H66.92, H66.93, J00, J01.9, J01.90, J06.9, J09, J09.X, J09.X1, J09.X2, J09.X3, J09.X9, J10, J10.0, J10.00, J10.01, J10.08, J10.1, J10.2, J10.8, J10.81, J10.82, J10.83, J10.89, J11, J11.0, J11.00, J11.08, J11.1, J11.2, J11.8, J11.81, J11.82, J11.83, J11.89, J12.89, J12.9, J18, J18.1, J18.8, J18.9, J20.9, J40, R05, R50.9). An individual can only be counted as a case once per week.

NORTHCOM Regions:

The regions on the NORTHCOM map (bold, black outlines) are defined using the four US Census regions, with the exception of Hawaii and Guam which are a part of PACOM. *Northeast:* Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. *South:* Delaware, the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Tex-as., and Oklahoma. *Midwest:* Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota. *West:* New Mexico, Colorado, Montana, Utah, Wyoming, Arizona, California, Nevada, Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.

(All data are preliminary and subject to change as updated data is received)